

The Future of Environmental Solutions

Montrose was one of the first to see environmental responsibility as not just an imperative but as a strategic asset. And we're well ahead of the curve in applying the latest technologies in practical ways to solve difficult environmental challenges.

70+ Offices, 2000+ Environmental Services Professionals in North America and Overseas

Montrose Continuum of Services

From testing to remediation to proactive interventions, Montrose provides comprehensive, environmentally-focused solutions that combine the consistency of a national presence with deep, local expertise and regulatory insight.

You'll eliminate logistical headaches and gain access to the best technology for each project. More importantly, you'll be working with the people who truly know how to put it to good use to get the job done. Click the Services to the left to see for yourself.

SVLS

Simplifying Progress

MONTROSE ENVIRONMENTAL

Bay Area Odor Assessment Study

May 9-20, 2021

PTR Van at Milpitas, CA Park

BAAQMD Odor Study - Odor Plume Multivariate Data Analysis

What is Multivariate Analysis?.....

.... Multivariate statistics is a subdivision of statistics encompassing the simultaneous observation and analysis of more than one outcome variable. –Wiki

Layperson – Examining relationships between independent variables and how they relate to each other.

How Does it Work?.....

In this case, we are using a class of models, called Principle Component Analysis (PCA) - used to reduce the dimensionality of large data sets, by transforming a large set of variables into a smaller one that still contains most of the information in the large set - Wiki Layperson - How variables, such as ratio's or specific unique compounds in a

group of compounds (plume) correlate to all of the possible compounds in a model (facility plume fingerprint)

How are we applying this to Odor Plume Analysis?...

1 – Fingerprint each facility and source in facility – generate model to determine if each is unique – develop PCA model

2 – Measure plumes found in community – apply PCA – Looks at unique and ratios of compounds and compare to model (facility fingerprint)

3 – Bin them into correlations from each data point (air sample) and assign to facility

PTR at Don Edwards Estuary Wildlife Refuge

Graphical representation of GPS CMS Map Concentrations – Dixon Landing Park Area

These individual compounds are used in the modeling to determine origin of plume

Fingerprint Models and Sample Bag Analysis

- 15 source bags were measured and identified to be from one of 4 sources
 - WWTP Wastewater Treatment Plant
 - Newby Newby landfill
 - ZWED Zero Waste Energy Development
 - Estuary
- Observations from the Anthony Spangler Middle School were analyzed as the initial test case to start model development
 - Pareto scaling was applied as more populated masses, allowing for a more robust model
 - Several Sensitivity cut offs were explored
 - 0.05 based on the instrument sensitivity
 - 0.10, 0.20, 0.50, and 2.00 to explore if there was a 'natural noise floor' in the data

Individual bag analysis

- Models for each bag were able to be created
 - Observation distribution is ideal
 - a good model can be built for each bag
 - m21 and m34 were excluded
 - m21's contribution was very high
 - m34's contribution was vary high once m21 was excluded
 - Pareto scaling was applied
 - Enhanced masses with lower concentrations
 - Enhanced separation between bags
 - Enhanced model confidence

7-15 Dimensions examined

Collective bag analysis

- We see nice separation between the bags in the model (circle)
- Loadings, green bars, looks good
 - First loading separates the bags from left to right
 - Second loading separates the bags from bottom to top

+

Initial Classification by Source Principle Component Analysis

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <</th1<></th1<></th1<>							17, 18, 19, 20	able for Mode	Misclassification Ta	$\square \times$	_							el 9, 10, 11, 1	able for Mod	lisclassification 1	M
Mg. M10, M11, M12 Members Correct WWTP No dass (PModX + <> 0) Mo dass (PModX + <<> 0) Mo dass (PModX + <<< 0)	8		7	6	5	4	3	2	1		8		7	6	5	4		3	2	1	
2 WWTP 0 0% 0 <th>ass (PModX+ <=</th> <th>No clas</th> <th>Estuary</th> <th>ZWED</th> <th>Newby</th> <th>WWTP</th> <th>Correct</th> <th>Members</th> <th>1 M17, M18, M19, M20</th> <th>(= 0)</th> <th>ss (PModX+ <</th> <th>No</th> <th>Estuary</th> <th>ZWED</th> <th>Newby</th> <th>TP</th> <th>ww</th> <th>Correct</th> <th>Members</th> <th>M10, M11, M12</th> <th>1 M9, N</th>	ass (PModX+ <=	No clas	Estuary	ZWED	Newby	WWTP	Correct	Members	1 M17, M18, M19, M20	(= 0)	ss (PModX+ <	No	Estuary	ZWED	Newby	TP	ww	Correct	Members	M10, M11, M12	1 M9, N
3 Newby 0 0% 0 0 0 2.00 0 0 0% 0 0 0 0 4 ZWED 0 0% 0	•		0	0	0	0	0%	0	2 WWTP	0	•)	0	0	0	0	6	0%	0	ГР	2 WWT
4 2WED 0 0% 0 </td <td>2 20</td> <td>6</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0%</td> <td>0</td> <td>3 Newby</td> <td>0</td> <th></th> <td>)</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>6</td> <td>0%</td> <td>0</td> <td>by</td> <td>3 Newł</td>	2 20	6	0	0	0	0	0%	0	3 Newby	0)	0	0	0	0	6	0%	0	by	3 Newł
5 Estuary 0 0% 0% 0 0 0 0 0 6 No class 3356 0 0 1656 1049 0 0651 7 6 No class 3356 0 2 2224 667 8 0 7 Total 3356 0 0 1656 1049 0 0651 7 7 Total 3356 0 2 223 667 8 0 <td>J.20</td> <td>L</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0%</td> <td>0</td> <td>4 ZWED</td> <td>0</td> <th>2.00</th> <td>)</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>6</td> <td>0%</td> <td>0</td> <td>D</td> <td>4 ZWEE</td>	J.20	L	0	0	0	0	0%	0	4 ZWED	0	2.00)	0	0	0	0	6	0%	0	D	4 ZWEE
6 No class 3356 0 2 224 667 81 7 Total 3356 0% 0 1656 1049 0 651 7			0	0	0	0	0%	0	5 Estuary	0)	0	0	0	0	6	0%	0	ary	5 Estua
7 Total 3356 0% 0 1656 1049 0 651 7 Total 3356 0% 2 2234 667 81 I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3		81	687	2234	2		3356	6 No class	651		0	0	1049	1656	0			3356	lass	6 No cl
Image: Second S	3		81	687	2234	2	0%	3356	7 Total	651)	0	1049	1656	0	6	0%	3356	Total	7
1 M13. M14. M15. M16 Members Correct WWTP Newby ZWED Etuary No class (PModX+ <= 0)			7	6	5	4	1 21, 22, 23, 24 3	able for Mode 2	Misclassification Ta	□ ×	- 8		7	6	5	4	, 16	el 13, 14, 15, 3	able for Mod	lisclassification 7	M
2 WWTP 00 0% 0 <th>ass (PModX+ <=</th> <th>No clas</th> <th>Estuary</th> <th>ZWED</th> <th>Newby</th> <th>WWTP</th> <th>Correct</th> <th>Members</th> <th>1 M21, M22, M23, M24</th> <th><= 0)</th> <th>ass (PModX+</th> <th>No</th> <th>Estuary</th> <th>ZWED</th> <th>Newby</th> <th>NTP</th> <th>W</th> <th>Correct</th> <th>Members</th> <th>M14, M15, M16</th> <th>1 M13,</th>	ass (PModX+ <=	No clas	Estuary	ZWED	Newby	WWTP	Correct	Members	1 M21, M22, M23, M24	<= 0)	ass (PModX+	No	Estuary	ZWED	Newby	NTP	W	Correct	Members	M14, M15, M16	1 M13,
3 Newby 0 0% 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0%</td> <td>0</td> <td>2 WWTP</td> <td>0</td> <th></th> <td>0</td> <td>)</td> <td>c</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>%</td> <td>0 09</td> <td>(</td> <td>ГР</td> <td>2 WWT</td>			0	0	0	0	0%	0	2 WWTP	0		0)	c	0	0	%	0 09	(ГР	2 WWT
4 2WED 0	110	ſ	0	0	0	0	0%	0	3 Newby	0	750	0)	0	0	0	%	09	(by	3 Newb
5 Etuary 0 0% 0<	J. TO	U	0	0	0	0	0%	0	4 ZWED	0	5.50	0)	C	0	0	%	0 09	(D	4 ZWED
6 No class 3356 3 2680 51 98 524 7 Total 3356 0% 201 1522 1483 138 7 Total 3356 0% 3 2680 51 98 524 7 Total 3356 0% 201 1522 1483 138 7 Total 3356 0% 3 2680 51 98 524 7 Total 3356 0% 201 1522 1483 138 Visitalization Liste in the classification			0	0	0	0	0%	0	5 Estuary	0		0		0 0	0	0	%	0 09	(ary	5 Estua
7 Total 3356 0% 3 2680 51 98 524 7 Total 3356 0% 201 1522 1483 138 7 Total 3356 0% 201 152 1483 138 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 100			138	1483	1522	201		3356	6 No class	524		98	1 9	51	2680	3		5	3356	lass	6 No cl
Image: Image			138	1483	1522	201	0%	3356	7 Total	524		98	9	51	2680	3	%	5 09	3356	Total	7
1M25, M26, M27, M28MembersCorrectWWTPNewbyZWEDEstuaryNo cli2WVTP 0.0 <th>- 🗆</th> <th></th> <th>7</th> <th>6</th> <th>5</th> <th>3 4</th> <th>1 25, 26, 27, 28 3</th> <th>able for Mode</th> <th>Misclassification Ta</th> <th></th>	- 🗆		7	6	5	3 4	1 25, 26, 27, 28 3	able for Mode	Misclassification Ta												
2 WWTP 0 0% 0 0 0 3 Newby 0 0% 0 0 0 0 4 ZWED 0 0% 0 0 0 0 0 5 Estuary 0 0% 0 0 0 0 0 6 Noclass 3356 C41 1698 1222 184	ass (PModX+ <=	No clas	Estuary	ZWED	Newby	WWTP	Correct	Members	1 M25, M26, M27, M28												
3 Newby 0 0% 0 0 0 4 ZWED 0 0% 0 0 0 0 5 Estuary 0 0% 0 0 0 0 0 6 Noclass 3356 241 1698 1222 184			0	0	0	0	0%	0	2 WWTP												
4 ZWED 0 0% 0 0 0 0 5 Estuary 0 0% 0 0 0 0 6 No class 3356 241 1698 1222 184		~	0	0	0	0	0%	0	3 Newby												
5 Estuary 0 0% 0 0 0 6 No class 3356 241 1698 1222 184	J.05	U	0	0	0	0	0%	0	4 ZWED												
6 No class 3356 241 1698 1222 184			0	0	0	0	0%	0	5 Estuary												
			184	1222	1698	241		3356	6 No class												
/ lotal 3356 0% 241 1698 1222 184			184	1222	1698	241	0%	3356	7 Total												

- 3356 samples from the Anthony Spangler School were compared to the 4 Source Models
- Cutoff is noted in each frame
 - 0.05 and 0.10 had the lowest number not classified
 - 2.00 was the 'cleanest'
 - Is this the right metric?
 - What is an acceptable percentage for No Class?

Public Odor Complaint Areas - Various Plume Sampling Locations

Classification of Sources - Various Plume Samples - PCA Results

Spangler Middle	Members	Correct	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class (PModX+ <= 0)
WWTP	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Newby	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
ZWED	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Estuary	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
No class	2173		0	1286	841	46	0
To	al 2173	0%	0	1286	841	46	0
			0%	59%	39%	2%	0%
Dixon Landing	Members	Correct	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class (PModX+ <= 0)
WWTP	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Newby	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
ZWED	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Estuary	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
No class	3939		0	3886	17	0	36
To	al 3939	0%	0	3886	17	0	36
			0%	99%	0%	0%	1%
Embassy Suites	Members	Correct	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class (PModX+ <= 0)
WWTP	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Newby	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
ZWED	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Estuary	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
No class	16701		0	16289	151	0	261
Tot	al 16701	0%	0	16289	151	0	261
			0%	98%	1%	0%	2%
Milpitas PW	Members	Correct	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class (PModX+ <= 0)
WWTP	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Newby	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
ZWED	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Estuary	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0
No class	15736		0	14998	0	0	738
Tot	al 15736	0%	0	14998	0	0	738
			0%	95%	0%	0%	5%

Samples from Various locations were compared to the 4 Source Models, comprised of Primary and Secondary fingerprint constituents 0.05 Cutoff

 The model determines the ratios of the components present, and then scores those ratios to identify the source

Plume Analysis Details – Hampton Inn Overnight Sampling Location – Wind Vectors

Hampton Inn Overnight Plume Monitoring

Attempts to catch plume when wind is out of Northwest

Possible Odor Sources

Hampton Inn Sampling Location

21 Hour Plume Analysis - Hampton Inn Monitoring Location

5/14-5/15/2021

5/14/21

Hampton Inn 1430-2030	Samples	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class
Total	10802	0	9652	1103	28	19
		0%	89%	10%	0%	0%

5/14 - 5/15/21

Hampton Inn 2030-0230	Samples	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class
Total	10803	0	9701	995	0	107
		0%	90%	9%	0%	1%

5/15/21

Hampton Inn 0230-0830	Samples	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class
Total	10803	0	10783	6	0	14
		0%	100%	0%	0%	0%

5/15/21

Hampton Inn 0830-1130	Samples	WWTP	Newby	ZWED	Estuary	No class
Total	5180	0	5067	93	0	20
		0%	98%	2%	0%	0%

Primary Component Analysis Model Results

Individual Component Analysis Graphical Result for Acetaldehyde

Results and Future Work....

1. These results confirm that Primary Component Analysis Modeling is a valid technique for classification of odor plumes present in the South Bay Area

2. Refinement of Preprocessing Methods and Models with the goal to remove known and unknown bias with the end goal to provide a robust model for the prediction of the odor source

3. Non-Odorous plumes captured during this event does <u>NOT</u> identify the facility from which odor complaints are arising. Capturing plumes while they are odorous <u>will</u> identify which facility(ies) the odors are originating. Sampling during odor complaints are warranted